

Intro to THREE.js

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- Shaders (access to full GLSL)
- Geometry (plane, cube, sphere, torus, 3D text)
- Data loaders (textures and models)

Basic idea

- Scene
- Camera
- Lights
- Action

Download three.js

`threejs.org`

The download will contain all the source code, including examples, etc.
You need the `./build` folder.

Basics: index.html

```
1
2 <!DOCTYPE html>
3 <html>
4 <head>
5     <link rel="stylesheet" href="./style.css">
6     <script src="./three.js"></script>
7 </head>
8 <body>
9     <script src="./main.js"></script>
0 </body>
1 </html>
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Basics: style.css

```
1 canvas {  
2     position: fixed;  
3     top: 0;  
4     left: 0;  
5 }
```

Basics: main.js

```
1
2 // initialize WebGL and THREE renderer
3
4 var width = window.innerWidth;
5 var height = window.innerHeight;
6
7
8 var renderer = new THREE.WebGLRenderer({
9     antialias: true });
10 renderer.setSize(width, height);
11 document.body.appendChild(renderer.domElement);
```

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Basics: main.js

```
1
2 // create scene object
3 var scene = new THREE.Scene;
4
5 // create simple geometry and add to scene
6 var cubeGeometry = new THREE.CubeGeometry(15,15,
7     15);
8 var cubeMaterial = new THREE.MeshLambertMaterial
9     ({ color: 0xaaff44 });
10 var cube = new THREE.Mesh(cubeGeometry,
11     cubeMaterial);
12 scene.add(cube);
```

Basics: main.js

```
1 // create perspective camera
2 var camera = new THREE.PerspectiveCamera(45,
    width / height, 0.1, 10000);
3 camera.position.y = 16;
4 camera.position.z = 40;
5 // add to scene and renderer
6 scene.add(camera);
7 renderer.render(scene, camera);
8 // create the view matrix (lookAt)
9 camera.lookAt(cube.position);
```

Basics: main.js

```
1 // add lighting and add to scene
2 var pointLight = new THREE.PointLight(0xaabbcc);
3 pointLight.position.set(0, 16, 16);
4 scene.add(pointLight);
```

Basics: main.js

```
1 renderer.render(scene, camera);  
2 function render() {  
3     renderer.render(scene, camera);  
4     requestAnimationFrame(render);  
5     cube.rotation.y+=0.01; // animate  
6 }  
7 render();
```

Basics: main.js

```
1  var cubeMaterial = new THREE.  
    MeshLambertMaterial({ map: THREE.ImageUtils.  
        loadTexture('crate.jpg')});
```


3D Models

Asynchronously:

- Load the model's texture maps
- Load the model
- Add to scene

Basics: main.js

```
1 var texture = new THREE.Texture();
2 var loader = new THREE.ImageLoader( manager );
3 loader.load( 'UV_Grid_Sm.jpg', function ( image )
4     {
5     texture.image = image;
6     texture.needsUpdate = true;
7 } );
```

Housekeeping

```
1 var manager = new THREE.LoadingManager();
2 manager.onProgress = function ( item, loaded,
   total ) {
3     console.log( item, loaded, total );
4 };
5 var onProgress = function ( xhr ) {
6     if ( xhr.lengthComputable ) {
7         var percentComplete = xhr.loaded / xhr.total
           * 100;
8         console.log( Math.round(percentComplete, 2) +
           '% downloaded' );
9     }
10 };
11 var onError = function ( xhr ) { };
```

Loading the model

```
1 var loader = new THREE.OBJLoader( manager );
2 loader.load( 'male02.obj', function ( object ) {
3     object.scale.set(0.5, 0.5, 0.5);
4     object.position.y = -50;
5     object.traverse( function ( child ) {
6         if ( child instanceof THREE.Mesh ) {
7             child.material.map = texture;
8         }
9     } );
10 scene.add( object );
11 }, onProgress, onError );
```